Undated. Electric Light (NS-Undated-003)

metallic
If a small piece of Silicum be placed between the Carbon points of an Electric Light and a Weight be placed on the upper vertical Carbon. the passage of the Current will heat the Silicum & Cause the Electric Arc to appear this Continues indefinitely the Silicum ~~serving both as a Conductor to~~ seperate and a means of preserving the Continuity of the arc by its Conductivity ~~& metal~~ & by its presence as a seperator of the two Carbons. = Boron does not answer so well. I have only tried it with a ~~small Electric~~ two cigars of ~~powerful~~ high ~~pressure~~ one of.

If the poles of 60 cells of ~~Carbon~~ Battery be Armed with a short platina wire, and the other pole connected to a series of disks of different metals. The touch of the platina to any one of the disks will give the Electric Arc. But if a Condenser of 10 Microfards Capacity be connected from pole to pole, the Electric arc cannot be obtained but in its place, the most beautiful scintillations are obtained ~~the sparks~~ the sparks of the metal ~~touching~~ with the platina point ~~not on~~ are commonly The scintillations ~~of the~~ of iron ~~reach out some from about out like~~ the rays of the sun with inconceivable rapidity and sometimes in the case of iron reach a length of 12 to 20 inches. These scintillations of the different metals are peculiar, not on account of their color but on account of each metal producing

scumblations of a different Character
With non they are very fine and are thick near
their appendicular centre - with Aluminium
they are very thick and few in number and they
also contain a little
Ext. turn at right angle downwards,
With Lead the scumblations are as fine as the
finest spider's web and many of them
are not seen until several washes from the
plates - These scumblations have other peculiar
and perfect circles of various sizes, etc

Paper left for 2 weeks in a 1 gram solution of
of Manganate of soda in 1000cc is completely
decolorized and when dry powders to
a very fine black powder =

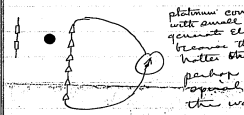
Notes
and Experiments to be tried

notes.

Ground on the glass slab with oil. Oxide of Platinum until it forms a lamp block. I propose to mix this with Iridium or platinum because it will become a conductor when the heat get high & by proper proportion it may itself regulate the temperature because it will tend to reduce the resistance of it.

Oxychloride Zinc Cement = Hard as marble & work same as plaster paris.
Sol ZnCl. 1.49 to 1.65 Spec G. dissolves 3 p c borax or Sal Amoniac add oxide Zinc which has been heated to redness until mass proper consistancy. This cement becomes as hard as marble.

Alumina infusible Mitchell manufactory page 122



Try the platinum coiled together with small platinum wire, current flows because the taper end, better than the large end, perhaps an improvement ~~[illegible]~~ could be helped ~~[illegible]~~ this way. Try also ~~[illegible]~~ lamp on this, using copper

Make a stick of lamp block or Graphite with peroxide of lead — Chromic acid — peroxide manganese Lithrage.

Following minerals infusible in blow pipe
Quartz. Corundum Spinel Zeylanite.
Pheonacite. Andalusite Gahnite Olivine
Cerite. Zircon. Staurotine Cyanite. Idocrase
Jade Gehlenite, Anthophyllite. Staurolite
Kyanophane Gadolinite —

The following phosphoresce on being heated
Rutile Titanicon Tantalite. Turquoise
Calcite. Chondrodite Topaz.

The following are fusible with difficulty
or only on the edges
Adularia Telesia Albite. Petalite
Labradorite. Anorthite Tabular Spar
Meerschaum. Speckstein Serpentine.
Epidote Vide Mitchell page 229.

Barytes alone do is infusible (10) Caustic Baryta
heated red hot)

[23]

H.P.	Coal consumed per hour	Coal consumed per Day	Expense per day & per ton	Expense per year of 365 days
3600	Cwts lbs	2 Tons	£ 6/8	£ 32,850
1800	2000 "	11 "	£ 3 4 5	£ 16,425
900	1000 "	7¾ "	£ 2 2 6	£ 8,212½
450	500 "	3¾ "	£ 1 1 2½	£ 4,107
225	250 "	2 Cwts lbs	£ 0 12½	£ 2,053
112	187½ "	1 Cwt "	£ 0 6¼	£ 1026.25
56	93¾ "	977½	£ 141	£ 513¾
28	46¾ "	467½	£ 71 6	£ 256.25
14	23⅜ "	233	£ 0 3 6½	£ 128
7	11¾ "	116	£ 18	£ 64
3½	5⅞ "	58	£ 9	£ 32
1¾	2¾ "	29	£ 4 6	£ 16.

Deduct one Special per H.P. Costs £9 per year then

2 Specials costs £450 per year

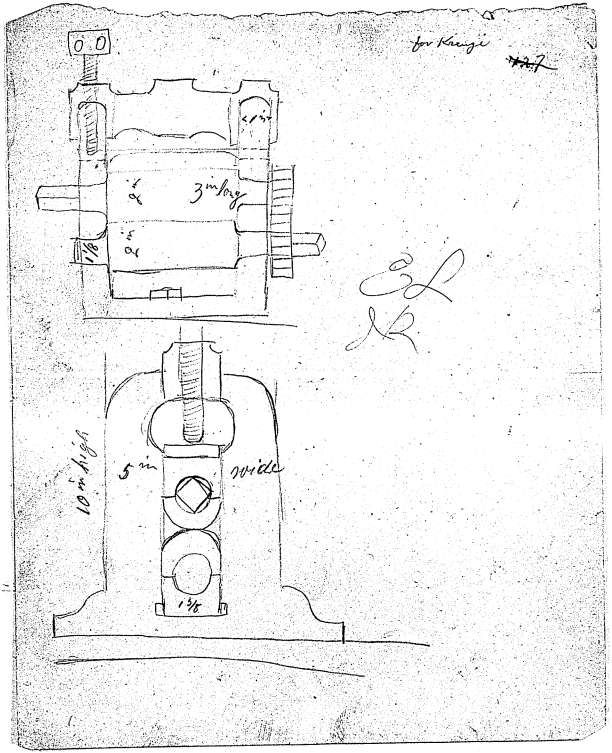
3	"	"	£ 300 " "
4	"	"	£ 225 " "
5	"	"	£ 180 " "
6	"	"	150 " "
7	"	"	128½ " "
8	"	"	112½ " "
9	"	"	100 " "
10	"	"	90£ " "
11	"	"	82 " "
12	"	"	75 " "
13	"	"	69¼ " "
14	"	"	64¼ " "

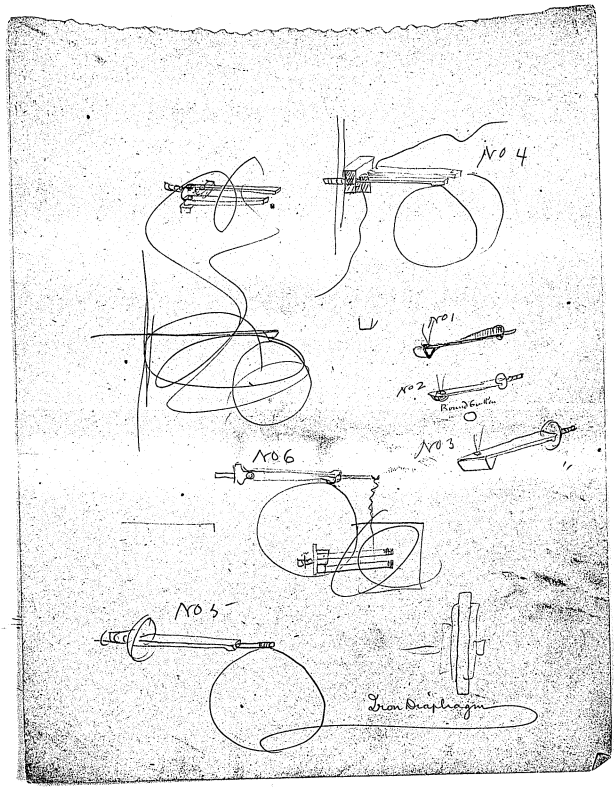
Computations based on actual service of Cutter Express in E. Pumphrey Watts

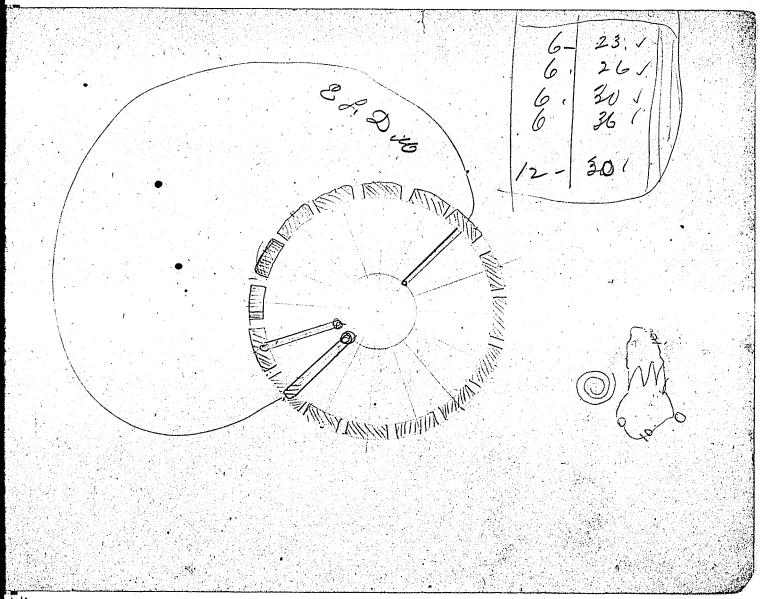
R.P.M. of Screw Shaft	Cut removed per hour	Cubic Inches Removed	H.P.	Efficiency (Gear & Belt Drive)	Efficiency per year of 300 days
3600	6000 lbs	30 Tons	# 90.		# 32,850
1800	3000 "	15 "	# 45		# 16,425
900	1500 "	7½ "	# 22.50		# 8,212½
450	750 "	3¾ "	# 11.25		4107
225	375 "	37.50 lbs	.562½		205.31¼
112½	187½	187.5 "	2.81¼		1026.56¼
56	93¾	93.75 "	# 1.41		513.28¼
28	46¾	46.875 "	.71 ¢		256.64
14	23⅜	23.3 "	.35½		128
7	11⅝	11.6 "	.18 "		64
3½	5⅞	5.8 "	.9 "		32
1⅝	2.7/8	2.9 "	.4½ "		16

One special per Mch. costs $9 per year this

Spiral	Per year
1	$9.00
2	4.50
3	3.00
4	2.25
5	1.80
6	1.50
7	1.28½
8	1.12½
9	1.00
10	.90 ¢
11	.82 "
12	.75 "
13	.69¼
14	.64¼

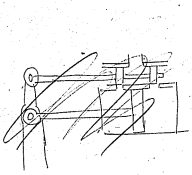

for Kings
3 in long
5 in
wide
10 in high

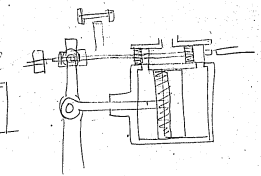

No 4
No 1
No 2
No 3
No 6
No 5
Iron Diaphragm

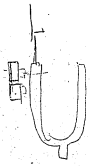

6 - 23. ✓
6. 26 ✓
6. 30 ✓
6 36 ✓
12 - 30 ✓

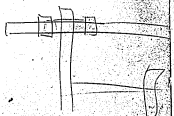
Hearn, D. M.

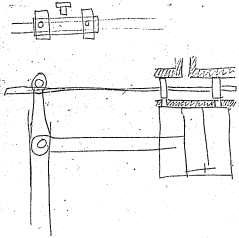
D.K.



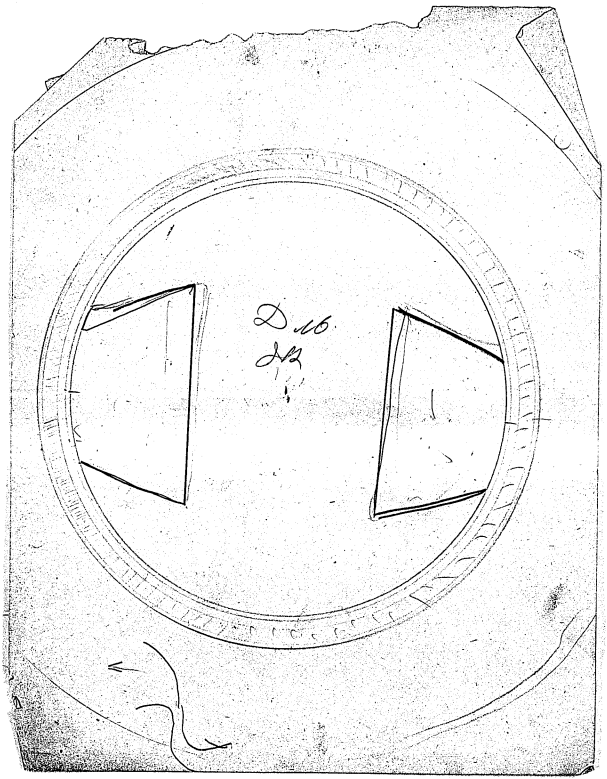








Drill
J.B.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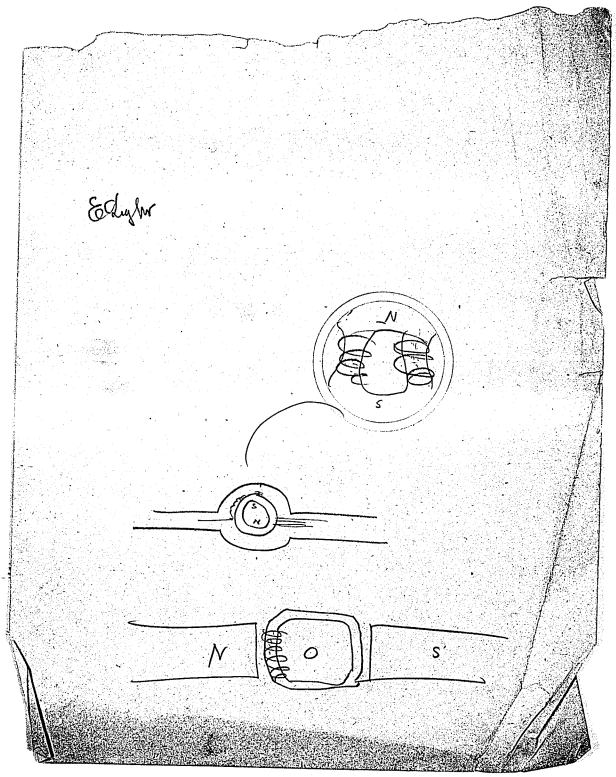
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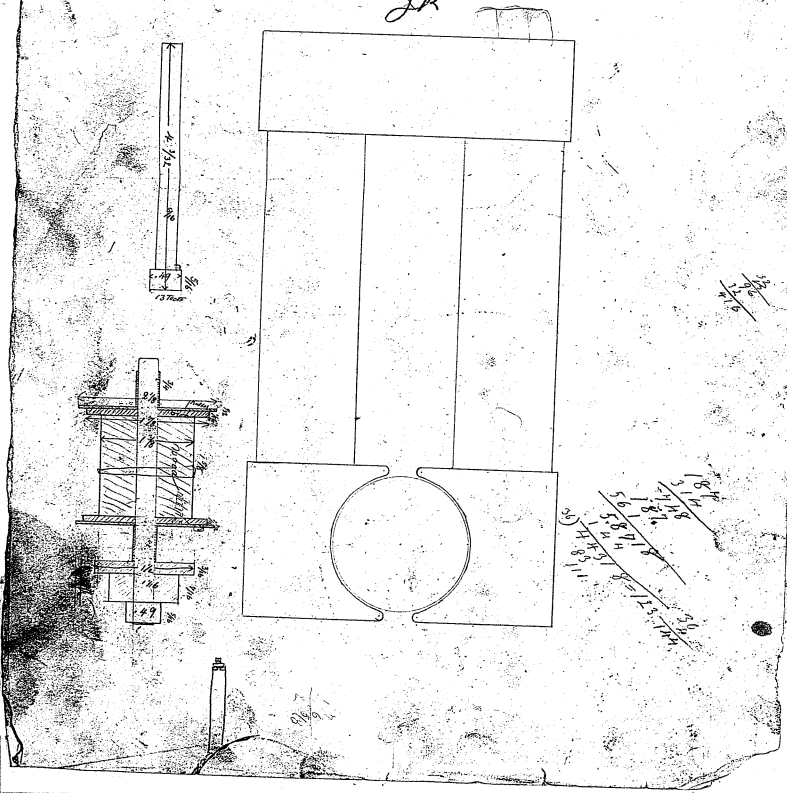
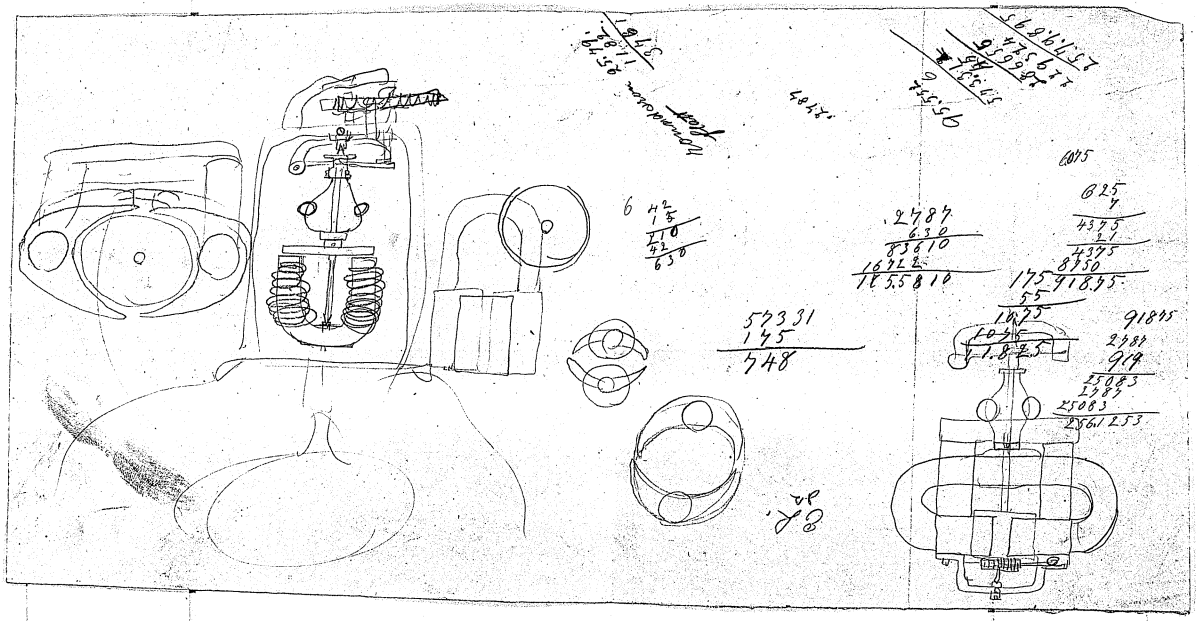
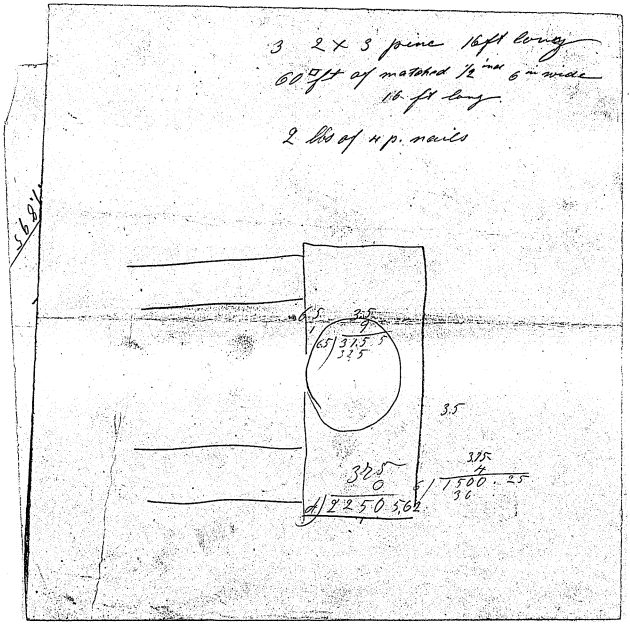
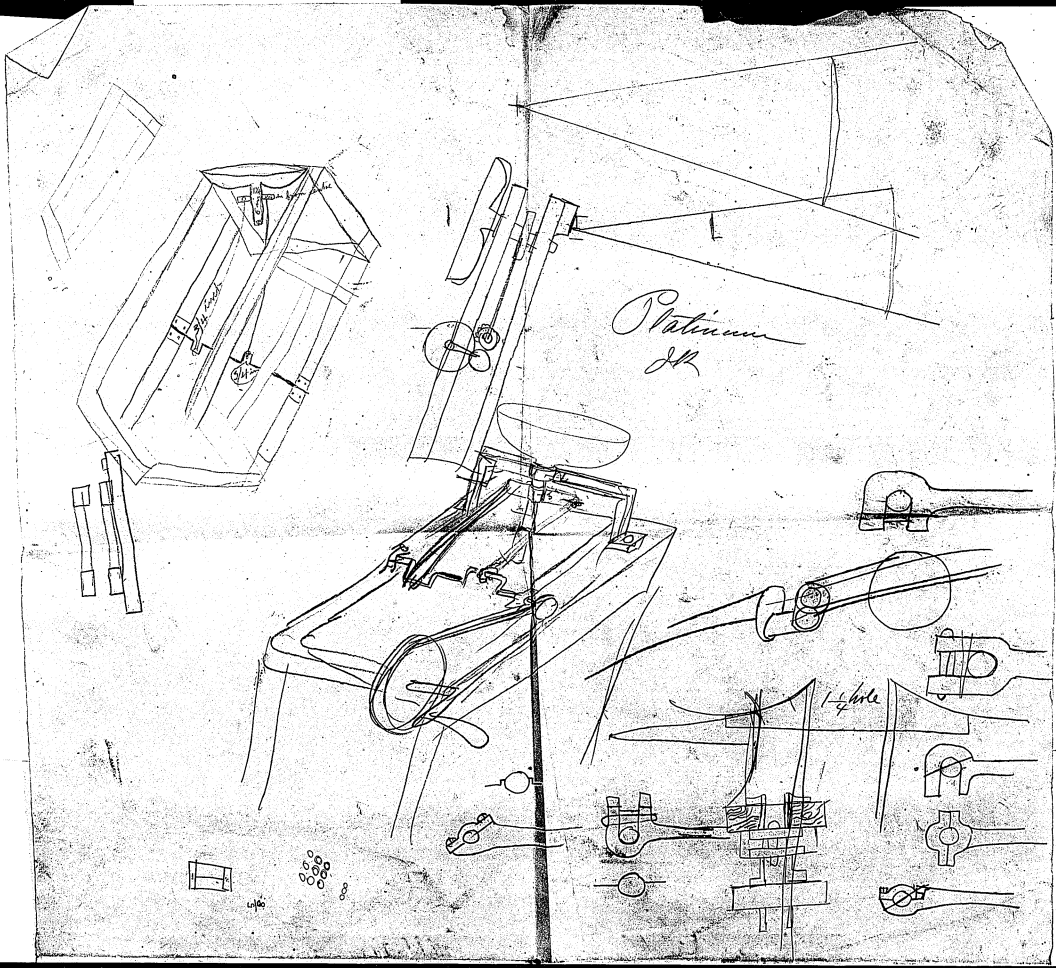
Dear Lee Wues about
his Patent






3 2 × 3 pine 16 ft long
60 ft of matched ½ in 6 in wide
16 ft long
2 lbs of 4 p. nails
3.5
3.5
3.5

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